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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/778,623	02/06/2001	Cheuk W. Ko	NA00-12101	9616	
28875 7	7590 09/28/2004		EXAMINER		
Zilka-Kotab,		CHAI, LONGBIT			
P.O. BOX 721 SAN JOSE, C	120 A 95172-1120		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			2131	Ó	
			DATE MAILED: 09/28/2004	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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(c)	Application No.		Applicant(s)	
	09/778,623	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	KO, CHEUK W.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	
	Longbit Chai	• • • • • • • • •	2131	
The MAILING DATE of this communication	appears on the cover	sheet with the	correspondence ad	Idress
Period for Reply		DIDE 2 MANTU	(S) FROM	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by standard patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, howe reply within the statutory mir riod will apply and will expire	ever, may a reply be ti nimum of thirty (30) da SIX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDON	mely filed ys will be considered time n the mailing date of this of	ly. communication.
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 0	9 June 2003.			
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ 1	This action is non-fin			·
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	wance except for for	rmal matters, pi	rosecution as to the	e merits is
closed in accordance with the practice und	er Ex parte Quayle,	1935 C.D. 11, 4	153 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) is/are pending in the applic	cation.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with		ation.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election require	ement.		
Application Papers				•
9) The specification is objected to by the Exar	niner.	d or h)   object	ted to by the Ever	niner
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>06 February 2001</u> is	s/are: a) 🔀 accepted	in abovance S	ee 37 CFR 1 85(e)	in iCl .
Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	rection is required if the	a in abeyance. S ne drawinale) ie a	bliected to See 37 (	CFR 1.121(d).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	e Examiner Note th	e attached Offic	ce Action or form F	PTO-152.
The pain of declaration is objected to by the	C Examinor. Hote th			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for	eign priority under 3	5 U.S.C. § 119(	(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:				
<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priority docur</li> </ol>				
2. Certified copies of the priority docur	nents have been rec	eived in Applica	ation No	1.04
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the			ived in this Nationa	al Stage
application from the International Bu			vod.	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	a list of the certified o	copies not recei	vea.	
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Attachment(s)	4) [	7 Interview Summ	ary (PTO-413)	
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94)	8)	Paper No(s)/Mail	Date.	er (M. Competition) II over a securi
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S	5B/08) 5) <u>L</u>	Notice of Informa Other:	al Patent Application (P	TO-152)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) [			· .
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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### **Priority**

- 1. No claim for priority has been made in this application.
- 2. The effective filing date for the subject matter defined in the pending claims in this application is 02/06/2001.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1, 3 4, 9, 11 12, 17 and 19 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Warrender ("Detection Intrusions Using System Calls: Alternative Data Models" IEEE Computer Society, Symposium on Security and Privacy, 1999, 133 145), hereinafter referred to as Warrender.
- 4. As per claim 1, 9, and 17, Warrender teaches a method for automatically generating a valid behavior specification for use in an intrusion detection system for a computer system, comprising:
- a. receiving an exemplary set of system calls that includes positive examples of valid system calls, and possibly negative examples of invalid system calls (Warrender: see for example, Section 1.0 Line 2 13); and

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- b. automatically constructing the valid behavior specification from the exemplary set of system calls by selecting a set of rules covering valid system calls (Warrender: see for example, Section 5.3 Line 42 43: A list of rules is qualified as a behavior specification);
- c. wherein the set of rules covers all positive examples in the exemplary set of system calls without covering negative examples (Warrender: see for example, Section 5.3 Line 19 21);
- d. wherein selecting a rule for the valid behavior specification involves using an objective function that seeks to maximize the number of positive examples covered by the rule while seeking to minimize the number of possible system calls covered by the rule (Warrender: see for example, Section 5.3 Line 42 50 and 5.3 Line 2 24).
- 5. As per claim 3, 11 and 19, Warrender teaches the claimed invention as described above (see claim 1, 9 and 17 respectively). Warrender further teaches the objective function additionally seeks to minimize a length of the rule (Warrender: see for example, Section 5.3 Line 1 4 and 5.3 Line 22 24).
- 6. As per claim 4, 12 and 20, Warrender teaches the claimed invention as described above (see claim 1, 9 and 17 respectively). Warrender further teaches monitoring an executing program by: receiving a system call generated by the executing program (Warrender: see for example, Section 2.1 Line 9 11); determining whether the system call is covered by a rule from within the valid behavior specification (Warrender: see for example, Section 2.3 Line 4 14 and Section 5.3 Line 42 43);

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and if the system call is not covered by a rule from within the valid behavior specification, indicating that the system call is invalid ((Warrender: see for example, Section 2.3 Line 4 - 14 and Section 5.3 Line 42 - 43).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 2, 10 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Warrender ("Detection Intrusions Using System Calls: Alternative Data Models", 1999), hereinafter referred to as Warrender, in view of Ko ("Automated Detection of Vulnerabilities in Privileged Programs by Executing Monitoring", 1994), hereinafter referred to as Ko.
- 8. As per claim 2, 10 and 18, Warrender teaches the claimed invention as described above (see claim 1, 9 and 17 respectively). Warrender does not teach the objective function additionally seeks to minimize the number of privileged system calls covered by the rule.
- 9. Ko teaches the objective function additionally seeks to minimize the number of privileged system calls covered by the rule (Ko: see for example, Section 8.0 Line 30 33).

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- 10. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Ko within the system of Warrender because Warrender teaches detecting intrusions using system calls and Ko teaches intrusion detection by monitoring the execution of privileged programs (Ko: see for example, Abstract).
- 11. Claims 5 6, 13 14 and 21 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Warrender ("Detection Intrusions Using System Calls: Alternative Data Models", 1999), hereinafter referred to as Warrender, in view of Hofmeyr ("Intrusion Detection using Sequence of System Calls", 1998), hereinafter referred to as Hofmeyr.
- 12. As per claim 5, 13 and 21, Warrender teaches the claimed invention as described above (see claim 1, 9 and 17 respectively). Warrender does not teach producing the exemplary set of system calls by running an exemplary program and recording system calls generated by the exemplary program.
- 13. Hofmeyr teaches producing the exemplary set of system calls by running an exemplary program and recording system calls generated by the exemplary program (Hofmeyr: see for example, Page 3 Line 11 14).
- 14. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Hofmeyr within the system of Warrender because Warrender teaches detecting intrusions using system calls and Hofmeyr

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teaches detecting intrusions at the level of privileged processes (Hofmeyr: see for example, Abstract).

- 15. As per claim 6, 14 and 22, Warrender teaches the claimed invention as described above (see claim 1, 9 and 17 respectively). Warrender does not teach the exemplary set of system calls includes calls to functions implemented by an operating system of the computer system.
- 16. Hofmeyr teaches the exemplary set of system calls includes calls to functions implemented by an operating system of the computer system (Hofmeyr: see for example, Page 11 Line 1-2).
- 17. See same rationale of combination applies here as above in rejecting claim 5.
- 18. Claims 7 8, 15 16 and 23 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Warrender ("Detection Intrusions Using System Calls: Alternative Data Models", 1999), hereinafter referred to as Warrender, in view of Cohen (Patent Number: 5481650), hereinafter referred to as Cohen.
- 19. As per claim 7, 15 and 23, Warrender teaches the claimed invention as described above (see claim 1, 9 and 17 respectively). Warrender does not teach the set of rules includes at least one Horn clause.
- 20. Cohen teaches the set of rules includes at least one Horn clause teaches (Cohen: see for example, Column 2 Line 59 63).

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- 21. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Cohen within the system of Warrender because Warrender teaches detecting intrusions using system calls including a rule induction technique (Warrender: see for example, Abstract Line 11) and Cohen teaches a learning systems that learn by formulating sets of rules from input data and desired responses to such data (Cohen: see for example, Column 1 Line 8 10).
- 22. As per claim 8, 16 and 24, Warrender as modified teaches the claimed invention as described above (see claim 7, 15 and 23 respectively). Warrender as modified further teaches selecting a rule for the valid behavior specification involves:
- a. selecting a positive example from the exemplary set of system calls (Warrender: see for example, Section 1.0 Line 2 13);
- b. constructing a Horn clause for the positive example by iterating through a subsumption lattice, starting from a most general possible clause and proceeding to a most specific clause for the positive example, and selecting a Horn clause that maximizes the objective function without covering any negative examples; adding the Horn clause to the set of rules in the valid behavior specification; and removing other positive examples covered by the Horn clause from the exemplary set of system calls, so subsequently selected Horn clauses do not have to cover the other positive examples (Cohen: see for example, Figure 3 and Column 2 Line 59 67 and Column 3 Line 1 7).

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Longbit Chai whose telephone number is 703-305-0710. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz R Sheikh can be reached on 703-305-9648. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Longbit Chai Examiner Art Unit 2131

**LBC** 

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